

The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 1736

MONDAY, MARCH 5. 1741.

It is with Liberty as it is with Money, it is not the Possession, but the Use of it, that makes it a Blessing. Liberty is naturally the Parent of Science, Industry, a Genius for Trade, generous Contempt of Pomp, and a zealous Love of one's Country. Besides these, which are her legitimate, which are her legitimate

spring, Liberty hath also some spurious Children, such as Libertinism, Sedition, and Luxury. Reason we ought not to esteem a People most when they are most powerful, and possess'd of the prerogatives, but when they appear to be actuated by the true Spirit of Liberty, to have a just Sense of the right Use of the Powers which they

ask any competent Judge of human Nature, ancient History, whether the Athenians were not more free, when by the Advice of Themistocles they burnt their City, and generously betook themselves to their Fleet, rather than become the Slaves of the Title of its Allies: I say, I would ask Man whether they were not then more free, in the Zenith of their Power they banish'd Citizens, out of mere Apprehension of their and obliged their great Statesman Pericles to flee into the Peloponnesian War, to prevent the State by Domestic Seditions.

I also ask such a Person, whether the Romans were more truly free in the Days of Fabius Maximus than Hannibal was at their Gates, and the Commonwealth saved from Ruin by the Virtues of its Citizens in the Days of Marius and Sylla, when indeed Masters of the World, but at the same time her Citizens so mad, that they were ready to gratify Pretences, to cut each others Throats, and to gratify the Resentments, raise the Reputation of the Interests of particular Men.

Truth, a very melancholy Consideration, that free People have sacrificed themselves and Liberty to grasp at an imaginary Liberty, which is incompatible with the Nature of Man, and which is not but in the florid Declarations of self-pretenders to Patriotism; who, while they acquire absolute Authority to themselves, People with delusive Hopes, and laugh at the Arts with which they embrace them. How ancient doth all History, ancient and modern, such Frauds! And yet to how little Purpose cited in any Nation, where the Thirst of Revenge, and where the People are mad with a Power which it is impossible they should lose whenever they have it they must delude themselves to come again into the same or worse State from which they started.

Not but wonder to see them blind to Instances nearly concern them, and at the same time following the most absurd Stories, told with no more than to amuse them. We have seen within Years, almost every Kind of Government to be found in Europe, preferred to our own; and those who pretend to be the best Friends to Liberty. Some Years ago Mr. D'Anvers was of the Swedish System of Rule, and a great deal was to be recommended: The Reason is because that Nation is now govern'd by Parties. Men of Abilities talk the Diet into their Sentiments in virtue of their Eloquence direct all the Affairs of the Despotick Government in their Name, truly, a Minister had been put to it, there, no-body well knew why. The Gentleman was pleased to bestow his Appearances on the Proceedings of a Turkish Mob, who their Sovereign to depose a wife Minister, and to give a good Peace, and for not getting a better one had.

More than once heard that extraordinary which happened in Denmark, quoted as an Example; which it never could be in reality since in which it happened. If indeed our Nobility were as powerful as they were heretofore in Denmark they might have been made here, either by a Place-Bill, we might have room to But while the Commons continue in their Situation, possess'd not only of as great, but a

greater Share of Power than they, it is ridiculous to dream such a Thing.

Our Malecontents are, indeed, mad enough to do any thing, and from some former Propositions made by their Chiefs, we might, without Breach of Charity, suspect they would be wicked enough to attempt bartering the Liberty of the Subject, for the Destruction of those they would supplant. We can scarce suppose they should be over-fond of a Constitution, which, from a recent Example, they know not to be fit for their Purposes. But against such a terrible Scheme as this we have two invincible Barriers: First, Such Offers can be made no-where, but where we are sensible they must be rejected with Disdain: And, Secondly, These People are not capable of carrying the Mischief thorough if they would. Their Noise indeed is loud and clamorous; but, God be thanked, their Interest is narrow and weak.

It is to very little Purpose that so much Pains is taken to court all who are dissatisfied in the Nation. The grand Spreaders of Sedition have indeed done all that they could possibly do. They have acquainted one Waiter to care for the disappointed and distracted Whigs, another to allure the Papists and Jacobites, by turning every Step of his Majesty's Administration into Ridicule; a third to divert the Libertines of all Parties, by the most outrageous Insults on all Religion and Government. But this I say signifies little; a great Majority of the Nation are, and it is hoped ever will be, in their Senses: They see thro' and despise these little Artifices, and, as it becomes them, they detest their Authors. They are able to distinguish between true and false Patriotism; and think the Care of our Wool a Matter as much worthy of Attention as a late Motion: For which Reason they will never be glad to see those possess'd of Power, who place all their Patriotism in railing against and at the same time pursuing it.

What Parts forever some People have, or fancy they have, it is the Height of Folly in them to suppose, that whenever Things do not go to their Mind in Senates and Publick Councils, they have it in their Power to persuade the People that such Things are no longer of any Use; and that, in short, if they cannot carry their Point while we are free, we had better be Slaves. This is certainly a new Discovery in Politicks, reserved for the Patriots of the present Times, or at least for the Machiavels who are their Secretaries. That such Doctrines are publicly taught with Impunity is a full Proof of the Lenity of our Government; and that they do not produce their desired Effects, Private Conspiracies or Publick Insurrections, is a noble Argument of the Moderation of the People: Whence we may infer, that in a short Time they will have as few Readers among the Commons of Great Britain, as they have Friends among their Representatives. So that, in this Sense, the worse they write the better.

Last Saturday arrived a Mail from Holland: And Yesterday a Mail from France.

Tripoli, Feb. 5. N. S.

A Plenipotentiary is come hither from the King of the Sicilies to sign the Treaty of Peace and Commerce with this Republick, who has brought several Presents of Silk Stuffs and fine Toys for the Bey and the Divan, particularly a Tartan laden with Corn to the Bey, to whom it is the more acceptable because of the present Scarcity of Provisions. Before the signing of the Treaty he is also to settle the Ransom of 202 Neapolitan Slaves that are here, and 240 Tripolines that are at Naples.

Madrid, Feb. 21. N. S. The Count de Montijo, who is gone to Francfort, has Orders to assert his Catholic Majesty's Claim to the Succession of the late Emperor, to protest against every Stipulation in prejudice of the said Rights and those of his Royal Family; to assert in particular the Right he claims to give his Suffrage in the Diet for the Kingdom of Bohemia, and to propose Regulations proper to satisfy the King in his Pretensions. Nevertheless, considering the good Understanding there is betwixt this Court and that of Dresden, 'tis believ'd his Majesty will forego his Pretension to the Suffrage for Bohemia, in favour of the Elector of Saxony. 'Tis also very apparent, that if the Count de Montijo has Orders to support the Interests of any of the Candidates for the Imperial Dignity, it will be the King of Poland's. Letters from Lisbon say the King of Portugal has disposed of the Bishoprick of Braga to the Infante Don Joseph.

Petersbourg, Feb. 21. N. S. The Velt Marshal de

Lafcy is not gone to Courland as was reported, but continues at his Government of Riga. The States of that Duchy are to assemble in a little time for the Choice of a new Duke, who 'tis said will be some Prince of the House of Brunswick, tho' there are other Competitors for that Dignity, as a Prince of the House of Brandenburg, a Polish Prince, Count Maurice of Saxony, and Count Poniatowski Palatine of Mazovia.

Vienna, March 1. N. S. The Duke d'Uzeda is still at Ingersdorf, under the Examination of a special Committee. 'Tis said he has been prodigiously uneasy ever since he was told of the Letter intercepted at Turin.

Nuremberg, March 5. N. S. The Body under General Brown, which is quarter'd at Hernberg betwixt Brunn and Olmutz, is increas'd to 8000 Men. They write from Glatz, that a Party of Austrian Hussars has defeated one of the Prussians, and taken a Sum of Money from them. As to Jablunka, all that is given out upon that Head is so obscure that we know not what Credit it deserves. The Letters from Berlin don't say expressly that the Place is taken; and those from the Frontiers of Silesia only shew that there has been some Action near that Place; and the News is render'd still more uncertain by Letters from Moravia, which say the Pass leading to Jablunka is still possess'd by the Austrian Troops.

Hanover, March 7. N. S. According to Letters from Wolfenbüttele the Queen of Prussia is expected there in April or May to pass some Time with the Duke of Brunswick her Brother; and they write from Cassel, that the Princess's Fever is so much abated, that there's great Hopes of her speedy Recovery.

Frankfort, March 9. The Elector of Bavaria has acquainted our Magistrates of his Resolution to come to the Dyet, as will the Electors of Cologne, Mentz and Trier, and the Great Room for the Election of the Emperor is ready to receive them. The Elector of Mentz having fix'd on the 1st inst. to open the Dyet for the Election, Proclamation was accordingly made the same Day with the usual Ceremonies, but the Electors are not yet agreed when to assemble for that purpose either by themselves or their Deputies.

Berlin, March 7. N. S. We have News from Silesia of three Actions that have lately happen'd there; the first between a Squadron of Schümbourg's Dragoons and a Detachment of Austrian Hussars; the second between a Battalion of Prussian Grenadiers and a Detachment of the Queen of Hungary's Forces; and a third, between the Hussars of both Sides. In the first, the Austrian Hussars were put to flight, and oblig'd to retire to Neufs, after the Loss of only two Men kill'd and a few wounded; in the second, which was smarter, 'tis said the Prussians lost some Baggage; the third was also pretty smart, but 'tis not certain that the Austrians got the better in it, as was reported.

Berlin, March 4. When the King of Prussia left this Place, on Sunday the 19th inst. to go to Silesia, it was the Talk at Court that his Majesty did not propose to return hither till after the Campaign is quite over; for the Opening of which the greatest Preparations of all Kinds have been making here, and with incredible Diligence. The second Train of heavy Artillery which was sent from hence the 27th of last Month in several Vessels, consists of 50 Cannon all 24 Pounders, and 16 Mortar-pieces, with suitable Stores of Ammunition. The raising of Recruits, and the forming of new Regiments have been carried on with unusual Expedition; all Servants are enlisted, and all Horses that are found fit for Service are taken up. Since his Prussian Majesty's Accession to the Crown, his Army has been augmented with 20 Battalions, and 35 Squadrons, and his whole Forces now amount to above 100,000 Men.

Copenhagen, Feb. 21. N. S. The Colonels of Foot here have received Orders to provide Cloathing for an additional Number of Eight Men a Company, which the King has settled Measures for their being furnish'd with in case of a sudden March. The Officers of the Cavalry are likewise ordered to make an actual Augmentation of ten Men each Troop, and 64 Men are to be added to the Artillery Companies.

HOME PORTS.

Dover, March 6. Wind E. Came in the William and Mary, Sutherland, from S. Carolina, last from Cowes or Amsterdam.

Deal, March 6. Wind E. N. E. All the outward bound sailed Yesterday Afternoon Remains Down the Charming Betty, Carter, for Plymouth.



Deal, March 7. Wind N. In the Downs the Charming Betty, Carter, for Plymouth. Arrived the St. George Tender, Toll, from Portsmouth.

Graveland, March 6. Pals'd by the Lemon, Lemon, from Dublin; the St. John and St. Thomas, Da Silva Souza, from Oporto; the Travers, Roundtree, and the Anguilla, Welchman, from St. Kitts.

At Amsterdam, the Lady Elizabeth, John Laen, from London.

At Ancona, the —, Walter Stuart, from Leoflof, and the —, Myer Veltmuys, from Yarmouth.

At Barbados, the —, Higgs, from New York.

L O N D O N, March 9.

They write from the Hague, that all the Provinces of the Republick have consented to the second Augmentation of the Forces; and at Amsterdam they have Letters of the 2d inst. from Breslau in Silesia with Advice that all the Bankers Shops there are open'd again, and Payments made as before.

There are Advices from Silesia by way of Hambourg, that the Prussians began on the 2d to cannonade the City of Glogaw.

Letters of the 4th O. S. from Paris say, that the Count de Montijo, who is going to Francfort, intends to stay at Strasbourg for an Answer to Dispatches he has sent both to Madrid and Vienna upon Advice he has receiv'd that the House taken for him at Francfort is engag'd by the Electors, who have it seems hir'd the whole City for themselves and their Retinue, so that the Foreign Ministers will all be oblig'd to take up with Tents.

They add nothing more material than that an Exempt of that City has obtain'd a Pension of 400 Livres for a Stratagem by which feigning himself to be a poor Beggar he associated with a Gang of Robbers, whom he decoy'd to a certain Inn, where he told them they would be sure of finding a great Booty, but by his Discovery the House was immediately surrounded by the Archers, and they were all taken.

The Budgen, Beatson, arriv'd at Serileon the 27th of October last from London, where he found at Anchor the Swan, Capt. Doubt, and the —, Capt. Swimmer, both from Bristol.

We hear that 500 battering Cannon and 50 large Mortars are ordered to be cast for his Majesty's Service.

And that 112 Pieces of Artillery, besides a large Magazine of military Stores are ordered to be got ready with the utmost Expedition.

A most magnificent Field Equipage is getting ready for his Majesty.

Last Saturday died of the Stone, at her House in Conduit-street the Lady Elizabeth Sherley, Sister to the Right Hon. the Earl of Ferrers.

The same Day died at his Lodgings in Mount-street, Grosvenor-square, the Hon. Mr. Ogilvy, Nephew to the Right Hon. the Earl of Airly, a Peer of Scotland.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint Francis Gasherey, Esq; one of the Commissioners of the Sick and Wounded to be a Commissioner of the Navy, in the room of George Purvis, Esq; deceased.

Last Week died suddenly, sitting in his Chair, at Ely in Cambridgeshire, Mr. George Nutter a large Dealer in Butter.

On Saturday Morning died of a Fever, of which he had lain ill above a Month, Mr. Master, Son of Sir Harcourt Master, Alderman of Coleman-street Ward. He was Clerk of St. Thomas's Hospital, for which Place there are several Candidates; but it is thought the Struggle will lie between Mr. Morfe, an eminent Attorney in Queen-street, Cheapside, and a Nephew of Dr. Plumtree's.

On Saturday Morning a Gentleman was attack'd on Maidenhead Thicket by two Highwaymen, one of whom demanded his Money, and at the same Time snapp'd his Pistol at him; upon which the Gentleman discharg'd one at him, and shot him dead. The other Highwayman seeing his Companion drop, fir'd his Pistol at the Gentleman and rode off. The Gentleman pursu'd him to a Place call'd Reading Pond, where the Highwayman turn'd off to the Right, and thereby escap'd.

We hear that Col. De Veil set out this Morning from his House in Bow-street, Covent-garden, to attend the Judges at Northampton, at the approaching Assizes there, to be present at the Trial of Bryan Connell, for the Murder of Richard Brimley, a Butcher, near that Place, who was almost cut to Pieces, as it is supposed, by the said Connell and his Accomplices. The Evidence is very strong against him, and he was committed to Newgate in September last by Col. De Veil, where he remained till he was moved by Habeas Corpus to Northampton, in order to take his Trial:

And for fear he should be got off by Rapping, as the Thieves call it, the Gentlemen of Northampton have desired the Colonel to be present at the Trial, that those People, who are well known to him, may be detected if they appear.

Sarum, March 5: By Mr. Fancourt's Plan for establishing a circulating Library in Salisbury, every Half-Guinea entitles the Subscriber either to a Lot in the present Library, worth more than half a Guinea, (it may be, ten, twenty, thirty times more) or to a Year's Use of a better Library, which to every future Subscriber will be half a Guinea.

The Lots will begin to be divided the first Day of May next; and when the Division is finished, every Adventurer will have an Account of the Lot that falls to his Share.

After the 10th Day of April next Agents are not to dispose of any more Receipts, but are desired to send the Numbers of those that are sold, with the Names of the Persons entitled to them. The Receipts that shall then remain in their Hands, the Librarian will take to, and stand his Chance with the Subscribers.

N. B. Tho' the Time for dividing the Lots is deferred somewhat longer than was first propos'd, yet, as no Subscriber is a Sufferer by this Delay, so neither was it owing to any Want of Diligence and Application on the Librarian's Part.

BANKRUPTS.

Edward Stephens, of the City of Bristol, Merchant.
William Wells, of the Parish of Ouzlebury, in the County of Southampton, Taylor and Chapman.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London Bridge.	04 10	04 27

Bank Stock 141 for the Opening. India 156. South Sea 101. Old Annuity 112. New ditto 110. Three per Cent. 100. Seven per Cent. Loan 97 1-half to 97. Five per Cent ditto 74 1-half. Royal Assurance 90 1-4th. London Assurance 11 1-8th. African 10. India Bonds 41. 6s. to 7s. Premium. Bank Circulation 41. 5s. Prem. Salt Tallies 1-4th to 1-half Prem. English Copper 31. 15s. Welsh ditto 15s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 101 3-4ths. Three per Cent. ditto 95. Million Bank 114. Equivalent 111.

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On Disputes and Controversies in Religion. What have the greatest Part of the Comments and Disputes upon the Laws of God served for, but to make the Meaning more doubtful, and so perplex the Sense? What hath been the Effect of those multiplied, curious Distinctions, and acute Niceties, but Obscurity and Uncertainty, leaving the Words more unintelligible, and the Reader more at a Loss?

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AT once using makes the
most charmingly fine, sweet, and pleasing,
perfectly white, clean and beautiful, and is the
Cure for the Scoury in the Gums in the World.
It infallibly preserves the Breath, Teeth and Gums
utmost Beauty and Perfection, if they are no Ways
and if they are, immediately rectifies all their
the same Minute it is used it makes the most
small incomparably fine and charming, and in a
so effectually cures, that a disagreeable Breath will
It instantly makes the blackest and most foul
ly white and delicately beautiful; infallibly
from decaying, and those a little decay'd
worse; absolutely cures the Scoury in the Gums,
inveterate, causing the Flesh to grow up to the
when almost eaten quite away, and affluently
Teeth to Admiration. It is to be used but a few
Time, is exceeding pleasant, and leaves a very
delectable Flavour in the Mouth.

In a Word, for most delightfully performing,
curing an ill-scented Breath, for immediately
blackest Teeth most excellently white, certainly
when loose, effectually preserving them from
caying, and infallibly curing the Scoury in the
not its Equal in the Universe, as all the Quali-
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all HYSTERICK DISEASES, whether
chondriack Melancholy in Men, or Vapours in
ever circumstanc'd, or to what Degree soever ad-
ever so long standing, so as never to return again.

This Medicine having cured Thousands of Men
of Melancholy and Vapours, may be depended on
Cure; it strikes immediately at the first Cause of
per, and entirely destroys it Root and Branch,
vitiated Ferment in the Stomach, which is gene-
and chief Cause, and thereby cures Indigestion,
Blood and Spirits, strengthens the Brain and
the whole Frame, stops Vomiting, clears the Head
fus'd Thoughts, removes Fears, Sadness, diffi-
Twitchings of the Arms or Legs, cures Palpitation,
bling of the Heart; and indeed all other the many
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By N. H. Esq;



He undertakes without Rashness, and performs without Fear; and if Dangers pursue him, his Courage surmounts them, and he obtains Success. His Enemies see he can look Death in the Face, and pass it by with a Smile. He forecasts against the worst Events, and encounters them tho' they come and mental War; and if the Suddenness of an Evil hath surpriz'd his Thoughts, he hath digested it in his Mind than he gathers up and insults over Mischief. He is Master of Subdues his Passions to Reason, and by that Victory his own Peace. He looks not on his Hands, but how strong he is but how innocent, the Goodness is his Shield he cannot be foil'd. A Sword, which to him is the last of all Trials, as a Defender not as a Challenger, yet he had his Blood seen than his Back, and will discharge upon base Conditions. No Man is more a relenting or vanquish'd Adversary, or more set his Foot upon a Carcass. He had rather an Injury than revenge himself on the Impotent it is a Question which he most detests, Cruelty. He is ever close within himself, with wife Resolution, and will not be discover'd; he is made of Metal not so hard as and he bears a Load of Injuries, not out of and Cowardice because he dares not revenge, of Christian Fortitude because he will not. He conquer'd himself that Wrongs cannot conquer, a Proof that Victory consists sometimes in He's above Nature, while he seems below. The vilest Creature knows how to turn again; command himself, not to resist when urg'd, is a heroical. His Constructions are ever full of and Favour; either this Wrong was not done, with Intent of Wrong, or perhaps upon Misinformation; or if none of these, Rashness, tho' so great shall serve for an Excuse; nay he is almost ready to Offenders Pardons before they confess. When up for Truth, his Tongue is calmly free, his firm, and with erect and settled Countenance his Sentence and rejoiceth at it. His angry are his Pages of Honour, the Rack or they have been contriving are his Stairs of Ascent. He challengeth his Executioners, encourages threaten'd Pains with Strength of Resolution; is in danger his fearful Friends pity him, his fors complain, and both wonder. He accounts on no Punishment, and can bear his Hopes burn'd till a new Day. Good Laws serve him and not for Revenge, as his Power does Indignities and not return them. His Hopes long, that they can insult over the greatest Difficult; and his Apprehensions so deep, that when hasteneth he will sooner lose his Life than his. Neither Time nor Perverseness can make him charitable Endeavours, or despair of prevailing in spite of all Clamours he doubles his Diligence. Contraries of Events do but exercise, not him. He trieth the Seas after Tempests and storms, and can turn Necessity into Virtue, and to good Use. He is the surest Friend, the easiest Enemy, the greatest Conqueror, and so more happy than others by how much he is to be more miserable.

English Gratitude is always such, hates the Hand that doth oblige too much.

I R E L A N D.

March 3. Last Saturday a great Number of wicked Fellows, to the Number of about more, all armed with Fire-arms, Swords and went to the House where the Men were kept impress'd for the Sea Service, and rescued all, after they had cut, hack'd, and grievously the four Men who were the Guard over them: they got a Party of Soldiers and went to the of the Tender's Men, but too late, the men being set at liberty, and the Mob dispers'd.

S C O T L A N D.

Edinburgh, March 3. The mutual Criminal Processes betwixt Sir Robert Monro of Fowlis, Barr. and the Magistrates of Dingwall having been amicably accommodated, the Diets in both Causes were Yesterday deserted, *communi forma*, in the High Court of Judiciary; when the Senators earnestly recommended to the Parties all Christian Friendship and Love, and a total Extinction of Family Feuds.

Friday last Peter Swan, late Servant to John Wood, Esq; Collector of Excise at Linlithgow, was committed to the City Jail, having confess'd, that in the Night betwixt the 25th and 26th last he attempted to break into the Royal Bank, in order to carry off what Money, &c. he could get his Hands upon, but being discover'd, was prevented.

H O M E P O R T S.

Dublin, Feb. 27. On the 25th arrived the Diamond, Cummings, from Newfoundland; the Adventure, Moran, from Barbados: On the 27th, the Rotterdam Merchant, Loyde, from Rotterdam; the Mary-Ann, Whitpaine, from Philadelphia; the Ruby, Nicholson, the Draper, Leach, and the Webster, Stephens, all three from London. On the 25th sailed the Phenix, Tylon, for Whitehaven and Virginia: On the 26th, the Dillon, Day, for Rotterdam; the Charming Molly, Stewart, and the William, Cornwall, both for New-York; and the Peace, Wilson, for Philadelphia.

Greenock, Feb. 26. Arrived the Hamilton of Glasgow, Somervill, from Jamaica, having been near four Months from that Place. We have Advice of the Arrival of the Jean of Glasgow, Patrick Jack, from Virginia, at the Sound of Mull; of the Arrival of the Lydia at the same Place, with 700 Quarters of Grain from London for this Place.

Leith, Feb. 26. Arrived the Isabel, Adam, from Campvere, with 400 Bolls of Wheat.

Bristol, March 7. Came in since our last, the Fame Snow, Frank, from Mountserrat; the Betsey, Doubt, from Barbados; the Two Brothers, —, from Chichester; the Swift, Westcoat, from Dublin; the Youghall Merchant, —, from Youghall; the Richard and Francis, —, from Lynn; the Dove, —, from London; and the Severn, Smith, from Carolina.

The Fame Snow met with such bad Weather in her Passage, and the Sea broke in over her in such a Manner that they were oblig'd to lash the Helm and quit the Deck. One Sea broke away her Quarter Rails, beat down her Skuttle, and took in so much Water that a great Part of her Sugars are wash'd out: She also lost her Main-mast close by the Board, and receiv'd other Damage.

St. Michel's Mount in Mount's-bay, March 5. Sailed his Majesty's Ship the Deptford Prize, on a Cruise. Arrived the Penzance, Mildrum, from London for this Place.

Plymouth, March 6. On Wednesday sailed for the Eastward his Majesty's Ship the Argyle, with Six Ships from Ireland, laden with Provision for Jamaica, to join the Convoy at Spithead. Came in the Little Betty, Barker, from Guiney, last from Falmouth, for London.

Cowes, March 7. On the 5th came down from Spithead the Lively Man of War, Capt. Sweyland, and sailed Yesterday with the Bristol Man of War, Capt. Young, both for Cork; and the Henrietta, Barker, to Spithead for Oporto.

Portsmouth, March 8. Yesterday sailed from St. Helen's for Jamaica, his Majesty's Ships the Kent, Grafton, Bristol, Eltham, Scarborough, Lively, and Pembroke's Prize, with a large Number of Merchant-ships under their Convoy.

At Spithead are his Majesty's Ships the Elizabeth and Lenox; the Blaze Fireship, and the Blast Bomb. Wind at N. E. and exceeding fine Weather.

Dover, March 8. Arrived the George, Sharp, from Barbados; the Rachel, Brinsley, from Whitehaven; the Neptune, Thwaites, from Cork; both for Rotterdam; and the Success, Benson, from Cork for Ostend. Sailed the Restoration, Swan, for Amsterdam. Wind S. E.

Deal, March 8. Came down this Morning and remain, the Nonpareil, Blackman, for Gibraltar; the Antelope, Morris, for Lisbon; the Resolution, Falkingham, for Maryland; and the Lucy, Coffin, for Boston.

Gravesend, March 8. Pass'd by the Port and, Hurst, from Virginia; the Eliot, Payne, from Carolina; and the Dublin Merchant, Thomas, from Dublin.

Arrived at several Ports.

At Messina, the Italian Merchant, Carteret; the Fame, Harris; and the Anna-Maria, Berg; all from London.

At Lancaster, the Industry, Millefon, from Barbados; having had a long Passage. Who says he parted with the Walpole, Elphinstone, of London, bound from Barbados for Gibraltar and Leghorn with Rum and Sugar, in Lat. 21:36 N. Long. 50:51 W. all well aboard.

At Cork, the Six Brothers, Peters, from Oporto.

L O N D O N, March 10.

By a Flanders Mail deliver'd Yesterday, came the Brussels Gazette of the 17th Inst. N. S. wherein is the following Article from Brun in Moldavia, dated the 23d of February.

We have just receiv'd Advice that our Forces have had the good Fortune to retake the Pass of Jablunka from the Prussians, after an obstinate Dispute wherein they lost 900 Men; they were surpriz'd there the 19th at Night by a much inferior Body of our Forces, who were all pickt Men, that perfectly knew the Place and all the Avenues to it. After this Shock, the Prussians, to make themselves some Amends, gallantly employ'd their Leisure in pillaging the little Town of Musteck, to which they afterwards set fire. They carried off from thence 400 Cartloads of Goods, and had the Cruelty to force the little Children out of the Arms of their Parents.

The Mary, James Best, who sailed from South Carolina Jan. 2. for Cowes, was taken by a Spanish Privateer Feb. 15. and carried into St. Sebastian's.

The Rev. Philip Brit, M. A. is presented by the Lord High Chancellor, to the Rectory of Langelor-ull-Llan-Geler in the County of Carmarthen.

As is also the Rev. William Brit, M. A. to the Rectory of Offham in the County of Kent.

The Right Hon. the Marquis of Blandford, who has been dangerously ill of the Small-pox, is now judged to be in a fair Way of Recovery.

As is also the Lady Caroline Montague, eldest Daughter of his Grace the Duke of Manchester.

We hear that his Majesty has been pleas'd to appoint Lieutenant Evans, to be a Captain in the Regiment of Foot commanded by General Howard.

Yesterday Mary Chandler was committed to Newgate by Sir Edward Hill, for picking the Pocket of Banks, Esq; of a Gold Watch.

On Saturday last a poor Woman, and her Child about four Years old, were taken out of Tower-ditch, drown'd. 'Tis said she liv'd at Saltpetre-bank near Wellclose-square, that she was in great Want, and that she flung her Child in first and herself afterwards.

Yesterday died in an advanced Age in Bennet-street Westminster, after a tedious Indisposition, Mrs. Butts, a Gentlewoman of great Piety and Charity, and a near Relation to the Bishop of Ely.

From my Lodgings in Newgate, March 9, 1746.

Since my Misfortune of being confin'd in this Place, by Order of the Right Hon. the House of Lords, for printing *The Debates of the House of Lords and Commons, in Nine Volumes Octavo*, the Publisher of an Edition of a Part only of the Commons Debates, in 3 vols. 8vo, having nothing to offer in recommendation of his own Edition, has thought fit to give his Opinion of mine; but as it will ill become a Person in my unhappy Situation to trouble the World with a Paper-Controversy upon this Head, I chuse only to refer the Curious to the Two Editions, to convince them of the many notorious Falshoods asserted at the End of the long Advertisement of the said 3 vols. and beg Leave to conclude with desiring, in his own Words, that Gentlemen would

Be careful to observe,

That the Nine Volumes contain both the LORDS and COMMONS Debates from the Year 1668, also the Lords Protefts, and the Debates in the Parliament of Scotland upon the Union. And,

That the 3 vols. contain the Commons Debates only, from the Year 1714.

JOHN TORBUCK.

High Water this Day	3 Morning	Evening
at London Bridge.	04 46	05 07

Bank Stock 140 3-4ths. India 155. South Sea 100 3-4ths to 1-half. Old Annuity 112 to 111 3-4ths. New ditto 109 7-8ths to 5-8ths. Three per Cent. 99 3-4ths. Seven per Cent. Loan 97 1-8th to 97. Five per Cent. ditto 74 1-half. Royal Assurance 90 1-8th. London Assurance 11 1-8th. African 10. India Bonds 41. 6s. to 3s. Premium. Bank Circulation 41. 5s. to 2s. 6d. Prem. Salt Tallies 1-4th to 1-half Prem. English Copper 31. 15s. Welsh ditto 15s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 101 3-4ths. Three per Cent. ditto 95. Million Bank 114. Equivalent 111.

Mint-Office in the Tower.



Whereas several evil disposed Persons have practis'd the making of Shillings and Sixpences to resemble Guineas and Half-Guineas, by putting Sceptres upon the Reverse, and gilding them over, to the great Prejudice of his Majesty's Subjects:

To prevent that evil Practice, and the Publick from being impos'd upon for the future, the above Impressions are publish'd, that all Persons may know the Difference between the Gold and Silver Coins, which is the same in every King's Coin as the above, viz. the Neck of the Head on the Guinea is without any Robe or Drapery, and the Neck of the Head on the Shilling is long, with a Robe or Drapery on the Shoulders.

As to the Gold Coin of his present Majesty, there are no Sceptres on them, but the Arms of Great Britain in a Shield.

The Difference between the Gold and Silver Coin of Queen Anne is more difficult to be discover'd after being alter'd as above-mention'd; the Lock of Hair, which proceeds from the Nape of the Neck over the Right Shoulder, and lies on the Right Breast, on the Guineas, being the only Mark by which Persons not well acquainted with Gold and Silver can distinguish the Guinea from the Shilling, which has not that Lock of Hair.

Any Person or Persons that shall be detected in uttering the counterfeit Money before-mention'd, or any other counterfeit Money, upon Notice given to the Solicitor of the Mint, such Offenders will be prosecuted at the Government's Expence.

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T H E Managers and Directors appointed by Act of Parliament to take in the Tickets of the Bridge Lottery, Anno 1739, and to deliver out Certificates in lieu thereof payable by the Cashiers of the Bank, finding that notwithstanding the several Notices by them given for bringing in Tickets to be entered, great Numbers are yet out-standing, do give this further Notice, That the 15th Day of March next is the last Day appointed by Act of Parliament for taking in Tickets and delivering out Certificates; and for this Purpose, daily Attendance will be continued to be given at their Office near the Exchequer.

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The first Physicians by Debauch were made;
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Better to hunt the Fields for Health undought,
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